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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/681,231	03/02/2001	Eileen McKee	1120_003	6969

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EXAMINER

HOTALING, JOHN M

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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3713

DATE MAILED: 11/03/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No. 09/681,231	Applicant(s) MCKEE ET AL.	
	Examiner John M Hotaling II	Art Unit 3713	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
 - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
 - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
 - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 09 August 2004.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 48-83 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 48-83 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date: _____ |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date: _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 48, 58, 66 and 74-83 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Claypole et al GB Patent application 2,262,642 in view of Gura et al US Patent 6,270,411. Claypole discloses all of the instant application, specifically on page 3 that his invention is a fruit machine with an additional screen with additional or secondary controls to play a feature of the fruit machine game. Slot machines are the same as fruit machines. The feature is provided to the player with respect to the performance (outcome) of the fruit machine. The feature is to provide a skill game on the secondary display. The machine comprises means providing a skill game feature which is played using the further display screen and which constitutes a "feature" with respect to the fruit machine game. The skill game, or various skill games, may be provided as awards depending on the performance of the fruit machine game of the reel display. With respect to the claim limitation of 3 contiguous related symbols the applicant and the reference teach that the outcome of the fruit machine, which is usually 3 symbols, advances the player to the bonus feature. See also applicant's specification paragraph 4 where 3 symbols are lined up in order to get to the bonus game. Claypole discloses that the skill game may be a quiz game, or a "video game" (page 4) involving

dexterity and/ or timing. Page 4 and 5 discloses an array of fields that may be chosen by the player and an award made. Page 8 discloses the use of touch screen technology for the secondary game. Page 9 and page 15 discloses that it will be understood that the design of the hardware and software to perform the functions of the games is generally within the skill of the skilled person in this field and does not need to be explicitly described. This is considered by the examiner to be an adequate disclosure of all of the memory portions used in a computer program since the functionality of all of the memory portions have been described. Page 14 discloses the player collecting winnings. Claypole does not specifically disclose that the main game and the bonus game are related. In an analogous game machine to Gura therein is discloses that it well known to have a thematic game machine where the main game and bonus games are related. See specifically figures 8-12 and columns 8-12. Gura also discloses in column 1 lines 25-35 that it is well known to have a main game and a bonus game be any type of game and that the bonus game can be similar to or completely different from the basic game. It would have been obvious at the time of the invention to have a basic game and a bonus game be related in both theme and function in order to provide an enhanced entertainment value to a player.

Claims 54, 64, and 72 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Claypole et al GB Patent application 2,262,642 in view of Gura et al US Patent 6,270,411 as applied to claims 48, 58, and 66 above in further view of

Luciano, Jr. et al US Patent 6,050,895. Claypole discloses all of the instant application but lacks in disclosing the use of a joystick as an input device to control the video game in the second display to play a secondary game. Instead Claypole disclose that the game of skill or dexterity such as a "video game" may be used as the secondary feature. In an analogous gaming device to Luciano there is disclosed a gaming device that has a game of chance and that the outcome of the chance game could result in a dexterity or video game. Column 3 discloses that a number of devices may be provided for permitting the user to control or provide input to the gaming terminal, such as buttons 114 a, b, c, a slot machine type handle, one or more joy sticks, cursor or other buttons and the like. Column 11:57-12:8 discloses two game machines coupled by communications means. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to look for additional game since claypole discloses that "video games" are ideally suited for the secondary display. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to combine Claypole with Luciano given the motivation above and the fact that both inventions are related to slot machines with secondary games being video games.

Claims 56, 57, 59-63, and 66-71 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Claypole et al GB Patent application 2,262,642 in view of Gura et al US Patent 6,270,411 as applied to 48, 58, and 66 above in further view of Luciano, Jr. et al US Patent 6,050,895 and Adamczyk et al US Patent 6,379,250. Claypole discloses all of the instant application as disclosed above but lacks in disclosing specific control of direction speed, spin or any combination of the three and the networking of gaming machines. Instead Claypole disclose that the game of skill or dexterity such as a "video

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game" may be used as the secondary feature. Luciano discloses that any of a plurality of video games may be used as a secondary feature and that the game machines may be connected to with communications means to permit players to play against each other in a simulated race, fighting game, or sports event. Luciano also discloses in column 3 discloses that a number of devices may be provided for permitting the user to control or provide input to the gaming terminal, such as buttons 114 a, b, c, a slot machine type handle, one or more joy sticks, cursor or other buttons and the like. Column 5 discloses what qualifies as a dexterity game. Using the specifications as what qualifies as a dexterity or video game one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to combine Claypole and Luciano with Adamczyk in order to have a video game that uses a trackball that controls direction, speed, and spin and any combination of the three in a measurable way to provide an outcome for a bowling game as disclosed in column 4. Additionally, column 5 discloses that the game may be played alone, in a group, a team, or a league. The opponents may be in the alley with you, or in another location over a local area network, or in another city or country, such as over the internet. It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to combine the references above in order to have a secondary game that uses a trackball to measure any combination of direction, speed, and spin and be playable over a network.

Claims 55, 65, and 73 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Claypole et al GB Patent application 2,262,642 in view of Gura et al US Patent 6,270,411 as applied to claims 48, 58, and 66 above in further view of Dickinson et al GB Patent application 2,174,773. Claypole discloses all of the instant

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application but lacks in disclosing the use of a light pen as an input device to control the video game in the second display to play a secondary game. Instead Claypole disclose that the game of skill or dexterity such as a "video game" may be used as the secondary feature. Page 4 and 5 disclose a reveal matrix game and page 8 discloses that the use of touch screen technology can be used for the features of the game. In an analogous gaming device to Dickinson there is disclosed a gaming device that has a reveal matrix game and the use of a light pen to make selections. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to look for additional game since Claypole discloses that skill are ideally suited for the secondary display. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to combine Claypole with Dickinson given the motivation above and the fact that both inventions are related to game machines with selection devices. Additionally the use of light pen and touch screen technology is well known as documented in both of the references used in the rejection.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 48-83 that the amended claims are in better form for allowance have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

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3. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John M Hotaling II whose telephone number is 703 305 0780. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thurs 7:30-6.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Xuan Thai can be reached on (703) 308 2064. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

JOHN M. HOTALING, II
PRIMARY EXAMINER

November 1, 2004